Pena Palace-



Perched in Sintra's hills, <u>Pena Palace</u> is a captivating 19th-century marvel. Its vibrant blend of Moorish, Gothic, and Renaissance architecture creates a unique and enchanting façade. Lavish interiors, adorned with exquisite details, offer a glimpse into Portugal's royal past. Surrounded by lush gardens and offering panoramic views, Pena Palace stands as a symbol of architectural brilliance and historical significance.

Why You Should Visit Pena Palace?



Unique architecture: The <u>Pena Palace's architecture</u> is a unique blend of Romanticism and Moorish style, making it an unusual and stunning sight to behold.

Rich history: The palace was built in the 19th century and has a fascinating history that includes royal inhabitants, an earthquake, and even a restoration project.

Panoramic views: The palace is situated atop a hill, providing breathtaking views of the surrounding countryside and the entire town of Sintra.

Beautiful gardens: The palace is surrounded by lush gardens with a variety of plants and trees from around the world, making it a delightful place to explore.

Cultural Significance: The Pena Palace is a UNESCO World Heritage Site and also among the seven wonders of Portugal.

Easy Access: The Pena Palace is easily accessible from Lisbon, the capital city, by train, bus or car and takes nearly 40 minutes.

History Of Pena Palace-

Pena Palace, located in the picturesque town of Sintra, has a rich history of Pena Palace that dates back to the middle ages. Historians believe that after an apparition of the Virgin Mary, a chapel dedicated to

Our Lady of Pena was built atop the hill. Later in the 15th century, King Manuel I was drawn to this chapel and commissioned the construction of a monastery for the Order of Saint Jerome, which could accommodate 18 monks. However, lightning severely damaged the monastery in the 18th century. Fast forward to the early 19th century, and King consort Ferdinand II acquired the ruins of the monastery and the surrounding land to build a summer residence for the royal family. For the majority of the 20th century, the once-bright colors of the palace had faded into shades of gray.

However, in later years, the Palace underwent a restoration process to bring back its original vibrant hues of bright yellow and red. This Palace, which is an iconic symbol of Portugal's rich history, was recognized as a World Heritage Site by UNESCO in 1995, solidifying its importance in the country's cultural heritage. Today, the Palace is used to host various state events by the President of the Portuguese Republic and other government officials, adding to its significance as an important landmark.

Facts About Pena Palace-



Pena Palace was built in the 19th century and is one of the most popular tourist attractions in Portugal, attracting millions of visitors each year.

The Palace was built on the ruins of an ancient monastery, which adds to its historical significance.

The Palace was designed by German architect Baron Wilhelm Ludwig von Schewge, who drew inspiration from various architectural styles, including Gothic and Renaissance.

The Palace has a fascinating collection of art and artifacts, including paintings, sculptures, and furnishings, which are on display for visitors to see.

The Palace has an impressive clock tower, which is visible from miles away and adds to its grandeur.